Instructions for Calculating Pace

1. You will need to use the Pace/GPA calculation worksheet or you can use the Pace Calculator on the website of www.rose.edu/pace-calculator
2. You will start by adding up all your attempted (withdrawn, failed, AW, U, incomplete, and completed) college hours including transfer work. You can use the unofficial transcript by logging into the OASIS to find transcript totals.
3. Then add all your earned (successfully completed) college hours.
4. You will take the total of your earned college hours divided by the total of attempted college hours to calculate your pace.
5. Once you determine how many credit hours you can handle each semester. Then you would add the hours to your earned & attempted hours until you reach a pace of 67%.
6. For example: If you have 37 earned hours & 61 attempted hours you would have pace of 60.6 %. So to raise your pace up to 67% you would need to add 12 hours to 61 attempted hours which would total 73 hours (12 + 61 = 73) & add 12 hours to 37 earned hours which would total 49 hours (12 + 37 = 49). Then you would need to take 49 earned hours divided by 73 attempted hours which would bring your pace up to 67% (49/73 = 67%).

“GPA” RSC SAP Policy Standards

If you have earned < 30 college credit hours, you must maintain a 1.8 cumulative GPA or higher.

If you have earned ≥ 31 college credit hours, you must maintain a 2.0 cumulative GPA or higher.

You can use the GPA calculator www.back2college.com/raisegpa.htm